

# **Checklist for Success**

#### GROWING ASPIRING MSI PI'S IN CISE

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### Outline

Funded project(s)

Tips for writing a strong proposal

What to do if not funded

Managing, executing, and completing the project

- •NSA Award Number: H98230-23-1-0144, \$69,928, *Title*: GenCyber -California State University, Bakersfield.
- •NSF Award Number: 2318634. \$157,299. *Title*: Orchestration of Network Slicing for 5G-Enabled IoT Devices Using Reinforcement Learning.
- •CERC grant award, \$20K, *Title*: Reinforcement Learning for Optimizing Load Forecasting in Distributed Energy Resources
- •NSF Award Number: 2219701. \$144,994. Title: Cyber Resilient 5G Enabled Virtual Power System for Growing Power Demand.
- •ASEE Award Number: 332.77-23.3677, \$10K
- •RSCA grant, \$5K, CSUB
- Diversity grant, \$1.5K, CSUB
- •CSUB Research Award, \$20K
- •CyberFlorida Award Number: 3910- 1004-00-D, \$45K

## Funded project

# Orchestration of Network Slicing for 5G-Enabled IoT Devices Using Reinforcement Learning

### Collaborators

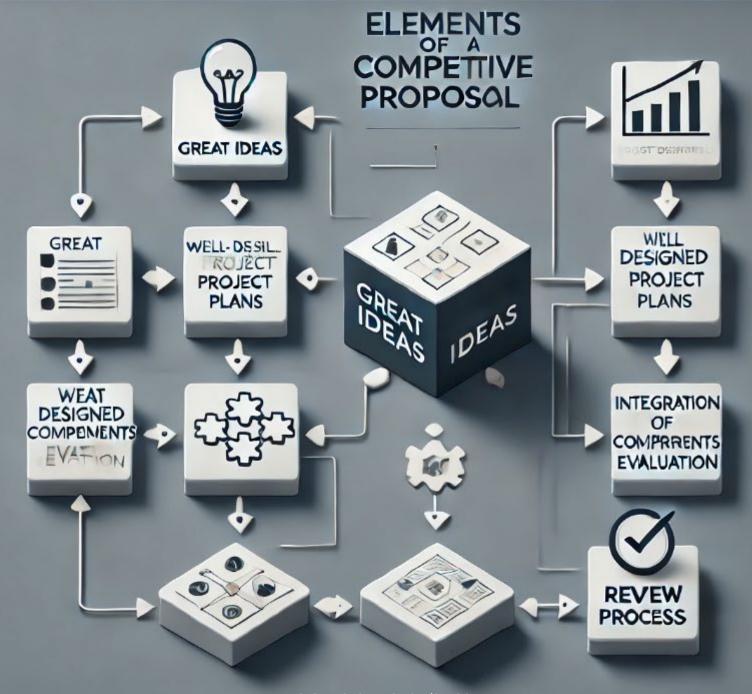
- California State University
- Tennessee State University
- State University New York

# Project

- Goal to design end-to-end resource management of 5G-enabled IoT devices utilizing reinforcement learning techniques and Massive MIMO slicing techniques
- Three key tasks:
  - To design 5G network slicing using massive MIMO for IoT devices
  - To design an RL model to solve IoT devices orchestration problems in large-scale 5G network
  - To integrate the RL solution in a massive MIMO network sliced 5G enabled IoT network







## NSF Merit Review Criteria

Intellectual Merit: the potential to advance knowledge

**Broader Impacts:** the **potential to benefit society** and contribute to the achievement of specific, desired **societal outcomes** 

Proposers must fully address both criteria

# Tips for writing a strong proposal

- Use good style (clarity, organization, etc.)
  - Write simply, but professionally
  - Avoid jargon and acronyms
  - Check grammar and spelling
  - Use sections, headings, short paragraphs, bullets, and white space (avoid dense, compact text)
  - Use figures and tables appropriately
  - Give examples
  - Highlight (bolding, italics but not overdone)
  - Follow suggested (or implied)
    organization/formatting
  - Include letters showing commitments from others
    - In most cases, PAPPG has very specific wording that can be used





# Tips for writing a strong proposal (cont.)

- Pay special attention to the <u>Project Summary</u>
  - Summarize goals, rationale, methods, and evaluation and dissemination plans
  - Address Intellectual Merit and Broader Impacts
  - Upload your Project Summary (as a pdf) with three main headings:
    - Summary
    - Intellectual Merit
    - Broader Impacts

# Tips for writing a strong proposal (cont.)

*Proofread* the proposal

Sell your ideas but do not overpromote "Tell a story" and turn a good idea into a competitive proposal



## What to Do if Not Funded

#### • Feedback:

 Understand the strengths and weaknesses of your proposal from the detailed feedback provided by NSF reviewers.

#### • Revise and Resubmit:

- Address the reviewers' comments.
- Strengthen the proposal based on the feedback.

#### Alternative Funding Sources:

- Explore other funding opportunities, such as industry grants, state programs, or other federal agencies.
- Consider crowdfunding or institutional funding.

#### • Collaborations:

- Partner with other researchers or institutions to strengthen the proposal.
- Leverage existing relationships for support and resources.

# Managing and Executing the Project

#### **Project Planning:**

- Develop a detailed project plan with clear objectives, tasks, and timelines
- Use project management tools to track progress and manage resources

## Team Coordination:

- Assign roles and responsibilities to team members
- Hold regular meetings to ensure alignment and address any issues

## Resource Management:

- Monitor budget and resource allocation
- Ensure that all necessary resources are procured and available

# Data Management:

- Implement a robust data management plan.
- Ensure data security, integrity, and accessibility.

# **Continuous Monitoring:**

- Regularly review project progress against milestones.
- Adjust the plan as needed to address any deviations or challenges.



# **Completing the Project**

#### • Final Evaluation:

- Conduct a thorough evaluation of the project's outcomes.
- Compare the results with the original objectives and hypotheses.

#### •Reporting:

- Prepare and submit required reports to NSF.
- Include detailed findings, impacts, and any deviations from the plan.

#### •Dissemination:

- Publish results in reputable journals and present them at conferences.
- Share findings with stakeholders and the broader community.

#### •Future Work:

- Identify areas for future research or potential follow-up projects.
- Explore opportunities for further funding or collaboration.

# Thank you